

Criteria for Proof of Domestic Partnership

Effective September 1, 2019

The purpose of this document is to provide the criteria by which Myakka Pines Golf Club will determine eligibility of Domestic Partnership for Family Membership. All six (6) of the following criteria must be met by the applicants.

1. They must be each other's sole Domestic Partner and intend to remain so indefinitely.
2. Neither is legally married, or a member of a civil union with anyone other than the co-applicant.
3. Each is at least 18 years old and mentally and legally competent.
4. They must live together in the same residence. Proof according to one of the following is required with their initial application, and prior to the start of each fiscal year:
 - Valid State Issued Driver's Licenses showing same address,
 - Valid State Issued Photo Identification showing same address,
 - Property Deed with both named as property owners, or
 - State Issued Certificate of Domestic Partnership.
5. They are not related by blood to a degree of closeness as to prohibit legal marriage.
6. They are eligible to legally marry or become Domestic Partners as defined by the County of Sarasota in the State of Florida.

The Membership Committee shall review all Domestic Partnership Family Member applications in their screening for membership to the Club according to Article V, Section 2. of the Club's Bylaws.

If information presented in the domestic partnership should later be found to be falsified the domestic partner shall immediately be removed from the certificate and membership and will have no special privileges for future membership. There will be no financial reimbursement in the event of a fraudulent application. In addition, the certificate holder may be disciplined up to and including revocation of certificate.

If the domestic partnership is terminated, the partners shall present to the club a written notification of this termination signed by both parties. In principle, the certificate shall remain with the primary owner (first name on the certificate) unless the termination notification specifies that a secondary owner shall remain with the certificate. As in divorce, the person who no longer is on the certificate shall be offered the first available membership.